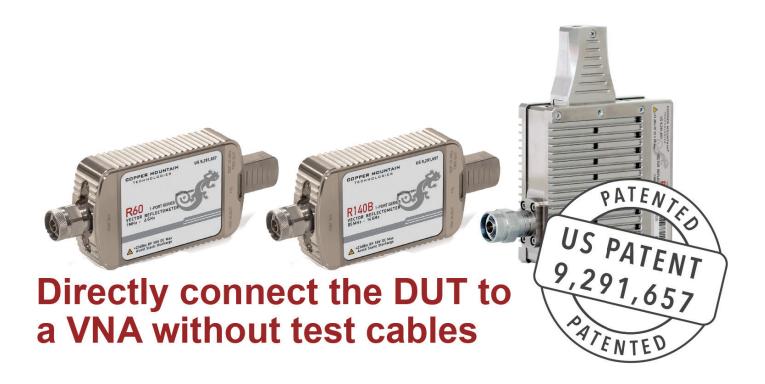
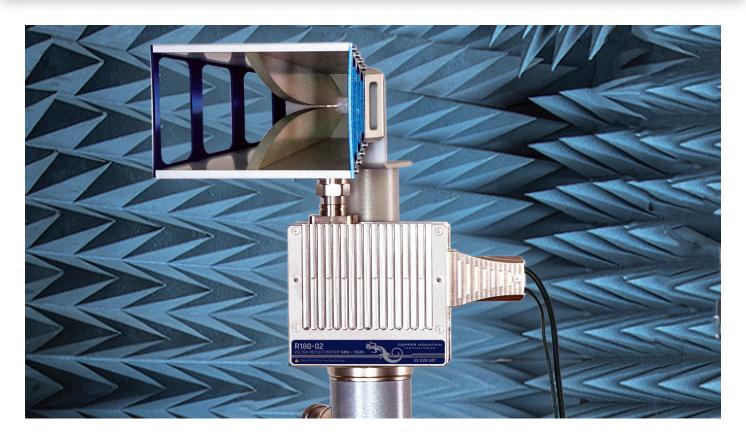
## **1-Port Series**





- Patent US 9,291,657 No test cable needed
- Frequency range: 1 MHz 18 GHz
- Measurement time per point: 100 or 170 µs per point, min typ.
- Up to 100,001 measurement points
- Automation programming in LabVIEW, Python, MATLAB, .NET, etc.
- Time domain and gating conversion included

## Lab-grade performance in a handheld device



Our 1-Port VNAs (cable and antenna analyzers) perform lab quality measurements connecting directly to the DUT without the need for a test cable, resulting in increased accuracy and quality of VNA measurements, specifically in cable and antenna analysis. In 2016 we were granted a US patent for Measurement Module of Virtual Vector Network Analyzer number US 9,291,657 for this innovation.

Due to their measurement accuracy, ultra-compact size and elimination of a test cable Copper Mountain Technologies' cable and antenna analyzers (reflectometers) provide a wide variety of analysis capabilities and are ideal for use by specialists working with antennas and antenna feeders in the field, as well as laboratory and production testing in a wide variety of industries including design and production of various IoT hardware components, materials testing, medical devices, aerospace applications, etc.

Copper Mountain Technologies' USB VNAs are next generation analyzers designed to meet the needs of 21st Century engineers. Our VNAs include an RF measurement module and a processing module, a software application which runs on a Windows PC, laptop or tablet, connecting to the measurement hardware via its USB interface.

This innovative approach delivers high measurement accuracy and enables users to take advantage of faster processors, newer computers and larger displays. USB VNAs have a lower Total Cost of Ownership and fewer potential failure points.

These instruments are smaller and lighter, can go almost anywhere, are very easy to share and eliminate the need for data purging or hard drive removal in secure environments.

## The Whole Solution

## Warranty, Service & Repairs

All our products come with a standard three-year warranty from the date of shipment. During that time we will repair or replace any product malfunctioning due to defective parts or labor.

While we pride ourselves on quality of our instruments, should your VNA malfunction for any reason, we will gladly offer a loaner unit while we service yours. With our USB VNAs where all data is stored on your PC, a simple swap of the measurement module assures uninterrupted workflow and little or no downtime.

## Our Engineers are an Extension of Your Team

Our team of applications engineers, service technicians, and metrology scientists are here to help you with technical support, application-specific recommendations, annual performance testing, and troubleshooting or repair of your CMT instruments.

Our engineers will work with your team to augment your in-house capabilities. We can write custom applications and test software, develop test automation scripts and help with integrated RF system testing. We can design and provide an RF switching network specific to your requirements; electro-mechanical, solid-state, or PIN diode-based. If the S-parameter measurement fixture involves challenging conditions for repeatability and accuracy we can assist with measurement uncertainty analysis.

An extensive library of technical materials including application notes, tips on performing VNA measurements, sample automation scripts, and how-to videos are available on our website www.coppermountaintech.com and YouTube channel/ CopperMountainTech.

## **Annual Calibration**

Copper Mountain Technologies' Indianapolis calibration laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized international standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017 and meets the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1994-1. All reference standards and equipment in the laboratory are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or international equivalents.

Should you prefer to perform annual testing yourself or use a third party, contact us for information or questions on performing these procedures. Additionally, the VNA Performance Test (VNAPT) software application is available for third party laboratories without restriction. Use of VNAPT to execute performance tests is optional, but the software is designed to automate and streamline VNA performance testing, including automatic generation of test reports. Please contact Copper Mountain Technologies or your local distributor for recommended calibration options.

"The small form factor of CMT's VNAs makes them particularly well suited for field applications, such as antenna testing, enabling customers to bring laboratory-grade instruments to hard-to-reach places. Their compactness and low weight also make them ideal for applications in the manufacturing industries, as they enable more machines to be deployed in plants."

Jessy Cavazos | Industry Director, Frost & Sullivan







# Software application is part of the VNA

The software application takes raw measurement data from the data acquisition (measurement) module and recalculates into S-parameters in multiple presentation formats utilizing proprietary algorithms. These new and advanced calibration and other accuracy enhancing algorithms were developed by our metrology experts. Our software can be downloaded free from our website, used on an unlimited number of PCs, and enables easy VNA integration with other software applications and automation.

The software application features a fully functioning Demo Mode, which can be used for exploring VNAs' features and capabilities without an actual measurement module connected to your PC. States may be saved in RVNA directories by default and the two buttons on the top left of the RVNA screen can be used to save an unlimited amount of states to any directory on your PC.



## **Measurement Capabilities**

#### **Measured parameters**

S11, cable loss

#### Number of measurement channels

Up to 4 independent logical channels. Each logical channel is represented on the screen as an individual channel window. A logical channel is defined by such stimulus signal settings as frequency range, number of test points, etc.

#### **Data traces**

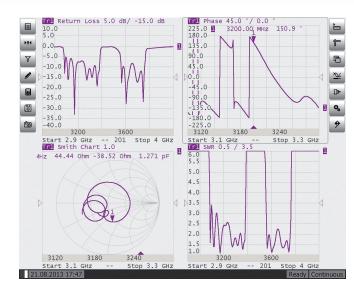
Multiple data traces can be displayed in each channel window. A data trace represents one parameter of the DUT such as magnitude and phase of S11, time domain, cable loss.

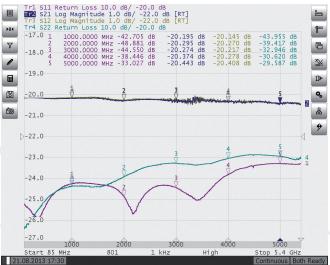
#### **Memory traces**

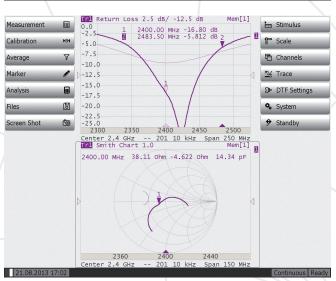
Each of the multiple data traces can be saved into memory for further comparison with current values.

#### **Data display formats**

SWR, Return loss, Cable loss, Phase, Expand phase, Smith chart diagram, polar diagram, Group delay, Lin Magnitude.







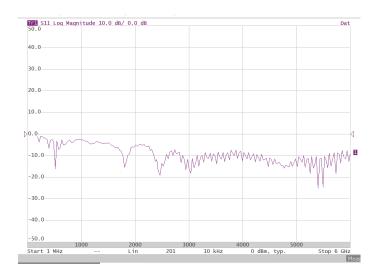
## **Measurement Range**

CMT 1-Port VNAs can measure return loss as low as 35 dB, across the full frequency range of each instrument. Consult the specifications of each instrument for more detail.

Pictured right: R60 testing in the entire frequency range of 85 MHz to 6 GHz, the return loss is shown at 35 dB

## **Dynamic Range**

Typical dynamic range using two or more 1-Port VNAs is as high as 100 dB, depending on frequency and model. Consult the specifications of each instrument for more information.



## **Sweep Features**

#### Sweep type

Linear frequency sweep, logarithmic frequency sweep, and segment frequency sweep.

#### Measured points per sweep

Set by the user from 2 to at least 100,001 (varies by model; consult the specifications of each instrument for more detail).

#### Segment sweep features

A frequency sweep within several independent user-defined segments. Frequency range, number of sweep points and IF bandwidth should be set for each segment.

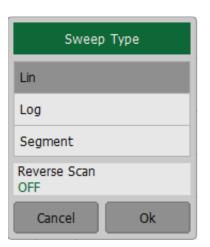
#### **Output Power**

Output power of every 1-Port VNA is adjustable. Typical output power and adjustment steps vary by model. Consult the specifications of each instrument for more detail.

#### Sweep Trigger

Trigger modes: continuous, single, or hold.

Trigger sources: internal, bus.



## **Trace Functions**

#### Trace display

Data trace, memory trace, or simultaneous indication of data and memory traces.

#### Trace math

Data trace modification by math operations: addition, subtraction, multiplication or division of measured complex values and memory data.

#### S-parameters display

The program allows the user to load a Touchstone file (\*.s1p and \*.s2p) into data memory.

#### **Autoscaling**

Automatic selection of scale division and reference level value to have the trace most effectively displayed.

#### **Electrical delay**

Calibration plane moving to compensate for the delay in test setup. Compensation for electrical delay in a DUT during measurements of deviation from linear phase.

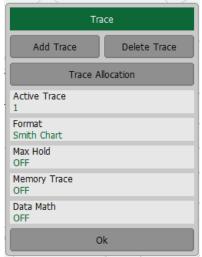
#### Phase offset

Defined in degrees.

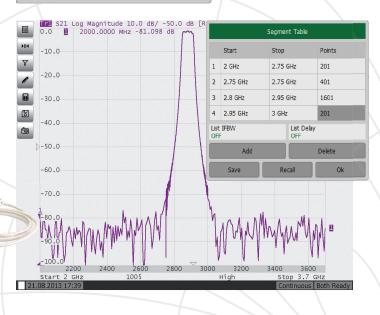
## Frequency Scan Segmentation

1-Port VNAs (cable and antenna analyzers) have a large frequency range with the option of frequency scan segmentation. Among other benefits, this allows the user an opportunity to use the VNA, to realize the maximum dynamic range while maintaining high measurement speed.

Pictured Below: Two R60s are shown with a demo filter. Users can measure S21 and S12 of the DUT using two analyzers connected to the same hub.







### **Port Extension**

Port Extension is a feature that allows for moving the calibration reference plane of the port by specifying the electrical delay to the new reference plane position. Additionally, it is possible to account for loss in the extended port.

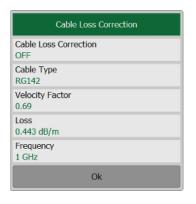
Automatic Port Extension is a feature that allows for automatic calculation of the electrical delay of the extended port and its loss by attaching an Open and/or a Short calibration standard at the new calibration reference plane position.

#### Port Extension Port Extension Extension Value Loss 1 Loss 2 OFF OFF Loss 1 Loss 2 0 dB 0 dB Frequency 1 Frequency 2 1 GHz Loss at DC Auto Port Extension Ok

### **Time Domain Measurements**

#### **Time Domain**

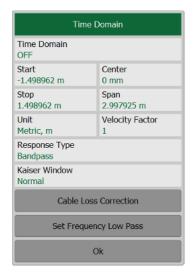
Time domain function is enabled by turning on the feature in the application: Analysis > Time Domain > ON. The VNA application will automatically transform measured data from frequency domain to time domain, and then to distance based on the velocity of propagation. Time domain feature easily finds fault points in cables or connectors.

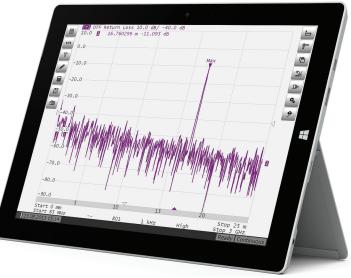


Distance resolution can be maximized by selecting a wide measurement frequency range. Likewise, the maximum measured distance is proportional to the number of stimulus points. Time domain allows the user to detect a

physical impairment in the antenna feeder.

The function is only available for 1-port vector measurement.





## **Gating**

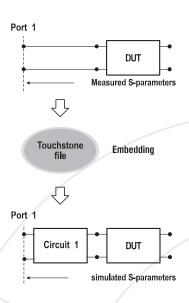
This function mathematically removes unwanted responses in the time domain, which allows the user to obtain frequency response without influence from the fixture elements. The function applies reverse transformation back to frequency domain after cutting out the user-defined span in time domain.

Gating filter types: bandpass or notch. For a better trade off between gate resolution and level of spurious sidelobes the following filter shapes are available: maximum, wide, normal and minimum.

The function is only available for 1-port vector measurement.

## **Embedding**

This function allows the user to mathematically simulate the DUT parameters after virtual integration of a fixture circuit between the calibration plane and the DUT. This circuit can be described by an S-parameter matrix in a Touchstone file.



## **De-Embedding**

-90.0 -100.0

1500

0.0 ▶B∢ -20.0

-90.0 -100.0 ම

> -20.0 -30.0

-50.0 -60.0

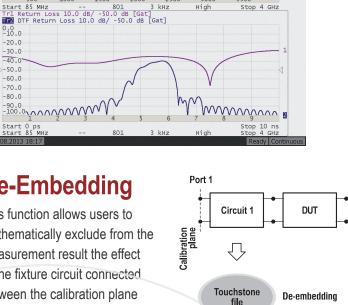
-70.0

7

0 -50.0 -60.0 

8 -80.0

This function allows users to mathematically exclude from the measurement result the effect of the fixture circuit connected between the calibration plane and the DUT. This circuit should be described by an S-parameter matrix in a Touchstone file.



Calibration plane

Port 1



## **Port Impedance Conversion**

This is the function that converts the S-parameters measured at 50 port into values, which could be determined if measured at a test port with arbitrary impedance.

DUT

### **S-Parameter Conversion**



The function allows conversion of the measured S-parameters to the following parameters: reflection impedance and admittance, inverse S-parameters and conjugation.

Touchstone file viewer, which allows the user to graphically display and work with previously saved Touchstone files.

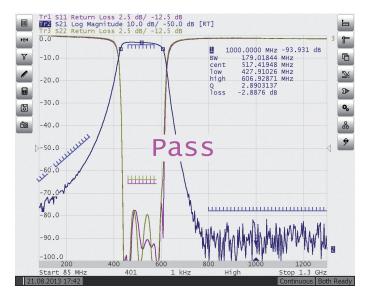
## **Limit Testing**

#### **Setting Pass-Fail Tests**

Limit test automatically performs pass/fail analysis of the measured test result. The analysis is based on comparison of the trace to the limit as configured by the user.

The limit line can consist of one or several segments. Each segment checks the measurement value for failing either upper or lower limit.

The limit line segment is defined by specifying the coordinates of the beginning (X0, Y0) and the end (X1, Y1) of the segment, and type of the limit. The MAX or MIN limit types check if the trace falls outside of the upper or lower limit, respectively.



## Data Output

#### **Analyzer State**

All state, calibration and measurement data can be saved to an Analyzer state file on the hard disk and later uploaded back into



the software program. The following four types of saving are available: State, State & Cal, State & Trace, and All.

#### **Trace Data CSV File**

The VNA allows the user to save individual trace data as a CSV file (comma separated values). The active trace stimulus and response values in the current format are saved to \*.CSV file for ease of importing into other applications.

#### **Trace Data Touchstone File**

Touchstone file saving allows the user to save frequencies and S-parameter results into an industry-standard .s1p file format. In addition, the software can be used as a



## **Calibration**

### **User Calibration**

#### Calibration

Calibration of a test setup (which includes the VNA, cables, and adapters) significantly increases the accuracy of measurements. Calibration allows for correction of the errors caused by imperfections in the measurement system: system directivity, source match and tracking.

#### **Calibration methods**

The following calibration methods of various sophistication and accuracy enhancement level are available:

- Reflection normalization
- Full one-port calibration

#### Reflection and transmission normalization

This is the simplest calibration method; however, it provides reasonably low accuracy compared to other methods.

#### Full one-port calibration

Method of calibration performed for one-port reflection measurements. It ensures high accuracy.

#### **Expanded Transmission Normalization**

The extended normalization of the transmission coefficient module makes it possible to increase the accuracy of the transmission coefficient measurements by taking into account the matching of the signal source to the measured device.

#### **Mechanical Calibration Kits**

The user can select one of the predefined calibration kits of various manufacturers or define a new calibration kit.

#### **Electronic Calibration Modules**

Electronic, or automatic, calibration modules offered by CMT make calibration faster and easier than traditional mechanical calibration.

#### **Defining of calibration standards**

Different methods of calibration standard definition are available: standard definition by polynomial model and standard definition by data (S-parameters).

#### **Error correction interpolation**

When the user changes any settings such as the start/stop frequencies or the number of sweep points, compared to the settings at the moment of calibration, interpolation or extrapolation of the calibration coefficients will be applied.

## **Automation**



## Measurement Automation

#### **COM/DCOM** interface

The VNA software provides a COM/DCOM (ActiveX) interface, allowing the instrument to be used as a part of a larger test system and in other specialized applications. The VNA program runs as a COM/DCOM server, while the user program runs as client.

## SCPI over TCP socket interface

Optionally, a TCP socket can be enabled in the VNA software over which SCPI commands can be sent. Compared with the COM interface, SCPI over

TCP can ease migration of legacy code when an existing test automation system is already in place.

#### LabVIEW compatible

The device and its software are fully compatible with LabVIEW applications, for ultimate flexibility in user-generated programming and automation.

## **Automation Interfaces**

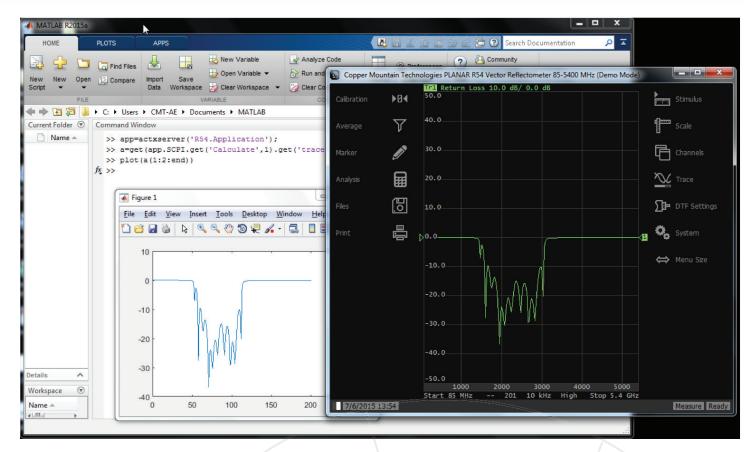
- SCPI over TCP/IP (for automation over a network to the controlling PC)
- COM over USB, DCOM over TCP/IP and HTP (for automation from the controlling PC, except for DCOM which is a network interface)

## **Automation Languages**

We maintain code examples and guides in the following languages:

Python \*
MATLAB
VBA
C++\*
LabVIEW
And many more

\*Available for use with Linux operating system



Command set is modeled after industry-standard legacy equipment; porting code is straightforward and we can help.

Complete installation of any CMT software comes with multiple programming examples and guides installed in the C:\VNA\ RVNA\Programming Examples and Guides directory.

CMT software includes many features that other vendors offer as options: Time Domain capability, S-parameter Embedding and De-Embedding, Frequency Offset, and Vector Mixer Calibration functionality. No integrated PC means faster data processing turnaround and regular updates that are easy to install. Less complexity in the VNA case leads to less room for critical errors that cost you production/development time.

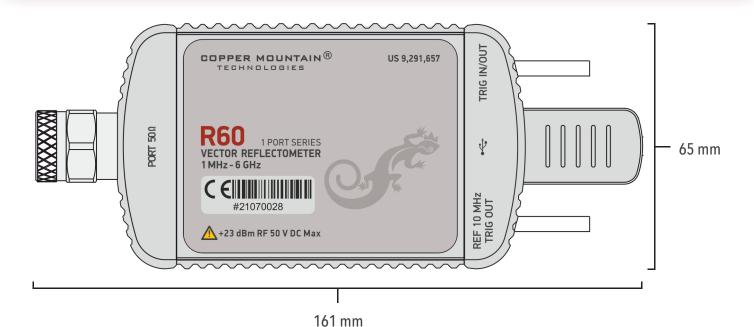
Software comes with all the features developers have come to expect: segmented frequency sweeps, linear/logarithmic sweeps, power sweeps, multiple trace formats, 4 channels

max. with up to 4 traces each, marker math, and limit tests. These provide added value to production testing by simplifying measurement interpretation. Plug-ins can add wide ranges of functionality and can be developed upon request. Examples include streamlined production applications, functionality to trigger with external generators, and virtual circuit matching modeling.

## **Automation Features**

- Segmented frequency sweeps
- Linear/logarithmic sweeps
- Power sweeps
- Multiple trace formats
- 4 channels max. with up to 4 traces each
- Marker math
- Limit tests

# R60 Specifications<sup>1</sup>



#### **Primary Specifications**

Impedance	50 Ohm
Test port connector	type N, male
Number of test ports	1
Frequency range	1 MHz to 6 GHz
Full frequency accuracy	±2.5·10 <sup>-6</sup>
Frequency resolution	20 Hz
Number of measurement points	2 to 100,001
Measurement bandwidths (with 1/3 steps)	10 Hz to 100 kHz
Cable loss measurement range	35 dB
Dynamic range <sup>2</sup>	109 dB typ.

#### Measurement Accuracy<sup>3</sup>

Accuracy of reflection measurements <sup>4</sup>	Magnitude / Phase
-15 dB to 0 dB	$\pm 0.4  dB / \pm 3^{\circ}$
-25 dB to -15 dB	±1.0 dB / ±6°
-35 dB to -25 dB	±3.0 dB / ±20°
Accuracy of transmission magnitude measurements <sup>5</sup>	Magnitude
-50 dB to 0 dB	±1 dB
Trace noise magnitude <sup>6</sup>	0.005 dB rms
Temperature dependence	0.015 dB/°C

#### **Effective System Data**

1 MHz to 6 GHz	
Directivity	46 dB
Source match	40 dB
Reflection tracking	±0.05 dB

#### **Uncorrected System Performance**

1 MHz to 6 GHz	
Directivity	15 dB (18 dB typ.)
Source match	15 dB (18 dB typ.)

#### **Test Port**

Power range	-35 dBm to -3 dBm (-40 dB to 0 dB, typ.)
Power resolution	0.25 dB typ.
Power accuracy	±1.5 dB typ.
Interference immunity	+17 dBm
Damage level	+23 dBm
Damage DC voltage	50 V

#### **Measurement Speed**

1	ime per point	100 μs typ.

#### **Frequency Reference Input**

Port	Ref 10 MHz
External reference frequency	10 MHz
Input level	0 dBm to 4 dBm
Input impedance	50 Ohm
Connector type	SMA, female

[1] All specifications subject to change without notice. [3] Reflection and transmission measurement accuracy applies over the temperature range of  $(73 \pm 9)^\circ$  F or  $(23 \pm 5)^\circ$  C after 40 minutes of warming-up, with less than 1° C deviation from the full two-port calibration temperature, at output power of 0 dBm. Frequency points have to be identical for measurement and calibration (no interpolation allowed). [4] Transmission specifications are based on a matched DUT, and IF bandwidth of 1 Hz. [5] Reflection specifications are based on an isolating DUT. [6] Specification applies over frequency range from 1 MHz to 9 GHz, at output power of 0 dBm.

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#### **Frequency Reference Output**

Port	Ref 10 MHz
Internal reference frequency	10 MHz
Output reference signal level at 50 Ohm impedance	-1 dBm to 5 dBm
Connector type	SMA, female

#### **Trigger Input**

Port	TRIG IN / OUT
External trigger source	3.3 V CMOS, TTL compatible
Pulse width	≥1 µs
Polarity	positive or negative
Input impedance	≥10 kOhm
Connector type	SMA, female

#### **Trigger Output**

Port	TRIG IN / OUT
Max output current	20 mA
Trigger output	3.3 V CMOS, TTL compatible
Polarity	Positive or negative
Connector type	SMA, female

#### System & Power

Operating system	Windows 7 and above	
CPU frequency	1.0 GHz	
RAM	2 GB	
Interface	USB 2.0	
Connector type	Mini USB B	
Power consumption	3.5 W	

#### **Factory Adjustment**

Recommended factory adjustment interval	3 Years
recommended factory adjustment interval	o i cais

#### **Dimensions**

Operating temperature	+5 °C to +40 °C (41 °F to 104 °F)
Storage temperature	-50 °C to +70 °C (-58 °F to 158 °F)
Humidity	90 % at 25 °C (77 °F)
Atmospheric pressure	70.0 kPa to 106.7 kPa

#### **Environmental Specifications**

External reference frequency	10 MHz
Input level	0 dBm to 4 dBm
Input impedance	50 Ohm
Connector type	SMA, female
Output reference signal level at 50 Ohm impedance	-1 dBm to 5 dBm
Connector type	SMA, female
External trigger source	3.3 V CMOS, TTL compatible
Pulse width	≥1 µs
Input impedance	≥10 kOhm
Connector type	SMA, female

# R140B Preliminary Specifications<sup>1</sup>



#### **Primary Specifications**

Impedance	50 Ohm
Test port connector	type N, male
Number of test ports	1
Frequency range	85 MHz to 14 GHz
Full frequency accuracy	±2.5·10 <sup>-6</sup>
Frequency resolution	25 Hz
Number of measurement points	2 to 100,001
Measurement bandwidths (with 1/3 steps)	10 Hz to 300 kHz
Cable loss measurement range	
85 MHz to 4.8 GHz	35 dB
4.8 GHz to 14 GHz	30 dB
Dynamic range <sup>2</sup>	
85 MHz to 4.8 GHz	115 dB typ.
4.8 GHz to 14 GHz	100 dB typ.

#### **Effective System Data**

85 MHz to 4.8 GHz	
Directivity	45 dB
Source match	37 dB
Reflection tracking	±0.10 dB
4.8 GHz to 14 GHz	
Directivity	42 dB
Source match	35 dB
Reflection tracking	±0.20 dB

#### Measurement Accuracy<sup>3</sup>

Accuracy of reflection measurements⁴	Magnitude / Phase
85 MHz to 4.8 GHz	
-15 dB to 0 dB	±0.4 dB / ±4°
-25 dB to -15 dB	±1.2 dB / ±8°
-35 dB to -25 dB	±4.0 dB / ±22°
4.8 GHz to 14 GHz	
-15 dB to 0 dB	$\pm 0.5  dB / \pm 5^{\circ}$
-25 dB to -15 dB	$\pm 1.5  dB / \pm 10^{\circ}$
-35 dB to -25 dB	$\pm 5.5  dB / \pm 30^{\circ}$
Accuracy of transmission magnitude measurements <sup>5</sup>	Magnitude
85 MHz to 4.8 GHz	
-50 dB to 0 dB	±1 dB
4.8 GHz to 14 GHz	
-40 dB to 0 dB	±1 dB
Trace noise magnitude <sup>6</sup>	
85 MHz to 4.8 GHz	0.002 dB rms
4.8 GHz to 14 GHz	0.006 dB rms
Temperature dependence	
85 MHz to 4.8 GHz	0.008 dB/°C
4.8 GHz to 14 GHz	0.025 dB/°C

#### **Uncorrected System Performance**

85 MHz to 14 GHz	
Directivity	10 dB (15 dB typ.)
Source match	10 dB (15 dB typ.)

[1] All specifications subject to change without notice. [2] Measurement of |S21| and |S12| using two reflectometers, both being connected to the same USB hub, applies over the temperature range of  $(23 \pm 5)$  °C after 30 minutes of warming-up, with less than 1 °C deviation from the calibration temperature at high output power and IF bandwidth 100 Hz. [3] Reflection and transmission measurement accuracy applies over the temperature range of  $(73 \pm 9)$  °F or  $(23 \pm 5)$  °C after 30 minutes of warming-up, with less than 1 °C deviation from calibration temperature, at high output power and IF BW 100 Hz. Frequency points have to be identical for measurement and calibration (no interpolation allowed). [4] Reflection specifications are based on an isolating DUT. [5] Transmission specifications are based on a matched DUT. Measurement of |S21| and |S12| using two devices, both being connected to the same USB hub. [6] IF bandwidth 1 kHz. © Copper Mountain Technologies - www. coppermountaintech.com - Rev. 2022Q4

#### **Test Port**

Output power	
High level	3 dBm
Low level	-20 dBm
Interference immunity	+17 dBm
Damage level	+23 dBm
Damage DC voltage	50 V

#### **Measurement Speed**

Time per point	170 µs typ.

#### **Frequency Reference Input**

Port	Ref In / Out
External reference frequency	10 MHz
Input level	0 dBm to 4 dBm
Input impedance	50 Ohm
Connector type	SMA, female

#### **Frequency Reference Output**

Port	Ref In / Out
Internal reference frequency	10 MHz
Output reference signal level at 50 Ohm impedance	-1 dBm to 5 dBm
Connector type	SMA, female

#### **Trigger Input**

Port	Ext Trig
External trigger source	3.3 V CMOS, TTL compatible
Pulse width	≥1 µs
Polarity	positive or negative
Input impedance	≥10 kOhm
Connector type	SMA, female

#### System & Power

Operating system	Windows 7 and above
CPU frequency	1.0 GHz
RAM	2 GB
Interface	USB 2.0
Connector type	Mini USB B
Power consumption	3.4 W

#### **Factory Adjustment**

|--|

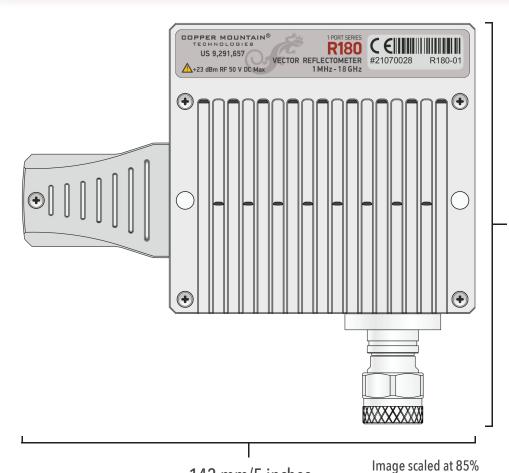
#### **Dimensions**

Weight		0.3 kg (10.6 oz)
Length		127 mm
Width		62 mm
Height		30 mm

#### **Environmental Specifications**

	Operating temperature	+5 °C to +40 °C (41 °F to 104 °F)
	Storage temperature	-50 °C to +70 °C (-58 °F to 158 °F)
N	Humidity	90 % at 25 °C (77 °F)
1	Atmospheric pressure	70.0 kPa to 106.7 kPa

# R180 Specifications<sup>1</sup>



126 mm/3 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inches

## Additional Model Sizes

R180-02	126 x 142 x 36
R180-01	128 x 142 x 36
R180-11	121 x 142 x 36
R180-12	121 x 142 x 36

#### 142 mm/5 inches

#### **Primary Specifications**

Impedance	50 Ohm
Test port connector	
R180-01*	type N, female
R180-02	type N, male
R180-11*	3.5 mm, female
R180-12*	3.5 mm, male
Number of test ports	1
Options **	IP54
Cooling	active
Frequency range	1 MHz to 18 GHz
Full frequency accuracy	±2.5·10 <sup>-6</sup>
Frequency resolution	50 Hz
Number of measurement points	2 to 100,001
Measurement bandwidths (with 1/3 steps)	10 Hz to 100 kHz
Cable loss measurement range	35 dB
Dynamic range <sup>2</sup>	
1 MHz to 6 GHz	110 dB typ.
6 GHz to 18 GHz	94 dB typ.

#### Measurement Accuracy<sup>3</sup>

Accuracy of reflection measurements4	Magnitude / Phase
-15 dB to 0 dB	$\pm 0.5  dB / \pm 5^{\circ}$
-25 dB to -15 dB	±1.5 dB / ±10°
-35 dB to -25 dB	±5.5 dB / ±30°
Accuracy of transmission magnitude measurements <sup>5</sup>	Magnitude
1 MHz to 6 GHz	
-50 dB to 0 dB	±1 dB
6 GHz to 18 GHz	
-40 dB to 0 dB	±1 dB
Trace noise magnitude <sup>6</sup>	0.010 dB rms
Temperature dependence	0.020 dB/°C

<sup>\*\*</sup>Must be specified at time of order. R180 models cannot be retrofitted to have the IP54 option.

#### **Effective System Data**

1 MHz to 18 GHz	
Directivity	42 dB
Source match	35 dB
Reflection tracking	±0.10 dB

#### **Uncorrected System Performance**

1 MHz to 18 GHz	
Directivity	10 dB (15 dB typ.)
Source match	10 dB (15 dB typ.)

#### **Test Port**

Power range	-15 dBm to 0 dBm
Power resolution	0.05 dB typ.
Power accuracy	±1.5 dB typ.
Interference immunity	+17 dBm
Damage level	+23 dBm
Damage DC voltage	50 V

#### **Measurement Speed**

Time per point	100 µs typ.
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#### Frequency Reference Input

Port	Ref 10 MHz/TRIG OUT
External reference frequency	10 MHz
Input level	0 dBm to 4 dBm
Input impedance	50 Ohm
Connector type	SMA, female

#### **Frequency Reference Output**

Port	Ref 10 MHz/TRIG OUT
Internal reference frequency	10 MHz
Output reference signal level at 50 Ohm impedance	-1 dBm to 5 dBm
Connector type	SMA, female

#### **Trigger Input**

Port	TRIG IN / OUT
External trigger source	3.3 V CMOS, TTL compatible
Pulse width	≥1 µs
Polarity	positive or negative
Input impedance	≥10 kOhm
Connector type	SMA, female

#### **Trigger Output**

Port	TRIG IN / OUT
Max output current	20 mA
Trigger output	3.3 V CMOS, TTL compatible
Polarity	positive or negative
Connector type	SMA, female

#### System & Power

Operating system	Windows 7 and above	
CPU frequency	1.0 GHz	
RAM	2 GB	
Interface	USB 2.0	
Connector type	USB type C, female	
External power supply	5 VDC ± 5%	
External power connector type	PJ-075DH-SMT (Plug 1.35 x 3.5 mm)	
Power consumption	8 W	

#### **Factory Adjustment**

Recommended factory adjustment interval	3 Years

#### **Environmental Specifications**

Operating temperature	+5 °C to +40 °C (41 °F to 104 °F)
Storage temperature	-50 °C to +70 °C (-58 °F to 158 °F)
Humidity	90 % at 25 °C (77 °F)
Atmospheric pressure	70.0 kPa to 106.7 kPa

#### **Dimensions**

Weight	0.5 kg (17.6 oz)
R180-01	
Length	128 mm
Width	96 mm
Height	36 mm
R180-02	
Length	126 mm
Width	96 mm
Height	36 mm
R180-11, R180-12	
Length	121 mm
Width	96 mm
Height	36 mm

[1] All specifications subject to change without notice.[2] Measurement of |S21| and |S12| using two reflectometers, both being connected to the same USB hub, applies over the temperature range of  $(23 \pm 5)$  °C after 30 minutes of warming-up, with less than 1 °C deviation from the calibration temperature at output power 0 dBm and IF bandwidth 100 Hz. [3] Reflection and transmission measurement accuracy applies over the temperature range of  $(73 \pm 9)$  °F or  $(23 \pm 5)$  °C after 30 minutes of warming-up, with less than 1 °C deviation from calibration temperature, at 0 dBm output power and IF BW 100 Hz. Frequency points have to be identical for measurement and calibration (no interpolation allowed). [4] Reflection specifications are based on an isolating DUT.[5] Transmission specifications are based on a matched DUT. Measurement of |S21| and |S12| using two devices, both being connected to the same USB hub. [6] IF bandwidth 3 kHz. © Copper Mountain Technologies - www. coppermountaintech.com - Rev. 2022Q1



Technology is supposed to move. It's supposed to change and update and progress. It's not meant to sit stagnant year after year simply because that's how things have always been done.

The engineers at Copper Mountain Technologies are creative problem solvers. They know the people using VNAs don't just need one giant machine in a lab. They know that VNAs are needed in the field, requiring portability and flexibility. Data needs to be quickly transfered, and a test setup needs to be easily automated and recalled for various applications. The engineers at Copper Mountain Technologies are rethinking the way VNAs are developed and used.

Copper Mountain Technologies' VNAs are designed to work with the Windows or Linux PC you already use via USB interface. After installing the test software, you have a top-quality VNA at a fraction of the cost of a traditional analyzer. The result is a faster, more effective test process that fits into the modern workspace. This is the creativity that makes Copper Mountain Technologies stand out above the crowd.

#### We're creative. We're problem solvers.







### 1-Port VNA Series Overview

	R60	R140B	R180
Frequency Range	1 MHz to 6 GHz	85 MHz to 14 GHz	1 MHz to 18 GHz
External Frequency Reference	10 MHz	32 MHz	10 MHz
External Trigger	Input/Output	Input	Input/Output
Power Connector	Reinforced (rugged) USB mini-B	USB mini-B	Reinforced (rugged) USB-C or +5V External
Adjustable Output Power	0.25 dB Steps	Hi/Low/Off	0.05 dB Steps

631 E. New York Street Indianapolis, IN 46202

United States: +1.317.222.5400 APAC: +65.63.23.6546 Latin America: +1.954.706.5920 EMEA: +44 75 03 69 21 13